Employee Group Benefits UNDERWRITTEN BY SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Region 4 Education Service Center

THE INSURANCE POLICY UNDER WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED IS NOT A POLICY OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR EMPLOYER TO DETERMINE WHETHER YOUR EMPLOYER IS A SUBSCRIBER TO THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION SYSTEM.

Voluntary Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

GROUP POLICY NUMBER - 12175 - 002 POLICY EFFECTIVE DATE - September 1, 2007

THE GROUP POLICY IS AN ACCIDENT ONLY POLICY THE GROUP POLICY DOES NOT PAY FOR SICKNESS

Welcome to Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada (Sun Life). Sun Life is pleased to be your Employer's insurance carrier for the benefits provided in the Group Policy. The description of Eligible Classes in the Benefit Highlights will help you determine what benefits apply to you.

The booklet is intended to provide a summarized explanation of the current Group Policy Benefits. However, the Group Policy is the document which forms Sun Life's contract to provide benefits. If the terms of the booklet and the Group Policy differ, the Group Policy will govern. A complete copy of the Group Policy is in the possession of your Employer and is available for your review. In the event of any changes in benefits or Group Policy provisions, you will be provided with a new booklet or a supplement which describes any changes.

Possession of this booklet does not necessarily mean you are insured under the Group Policy. The requirements for becoming eligible for insurance and the dates your insurance begins or ceases are explained within this booklet.

This booklet uses insurance terms and phrases that are listed in the Definitions Section.

For information, call the Sun Life Group Customer Service Center toll free at 1-800-247-6875.

(Applicable to Texas Residents)

IMPORTANT NOTICE

To obtain information or to make a complaint:

You may call Sun Life's toll-free telephone number for information or to make a complaint at:

1-800-247-6875

You may also write to Sun Life at:

Sun Life Assurance Company Of Canada Group Customer Service Center SC 1219 1 Sun Life Executive Park Wellesley Hills, MA 02481

You may contact the Texas Department of Insurance to obtain information on companies, coverages, rights or complaints at:

1-800-252-3439

You may write the Texas Department of Insurance P.O. Box 149104 Austin, TX 78714-9104 FAX# (512) 475-1771

PREMIUM OR CLAIM DISPUTES:

Should you have a dispute concerning your premium or about a claim, you should contact Sun Life first. If the dispute is not resolved, you may contact the Texas Department of Insurance.

ATTACH THIS NOTICE TO YOUR POLICY:

This notice is for information only and does not become a part or condition of the attached document.

AVISO IMPORTANTE

Para obtener informacion o para someter una queja:

Usted puede llamar al numero de telefono gratis de Sun Life's para informacion o para someter una queja al:

1-800-247-6875

Usted tambien puede escribir a Sun Life:

Sun Life Assurance Company Of Canada Group Customer Service Center SC 1219 1 Sun Life Executive Park Wellesley Hills, MA 02481

Puede comunicarse con el Departamento de Seguros de Texas para obtener informacion acerca de companias, coberturas, derechos o quejas al:

1-800-252-3439

Puede escribir al Departamento de Seguros de Texas P.O. Box 149104 Austin, TX 78714-9104 FAX# (512) 475-1771

DISPUTAS SOBRE PRIMAS O RECLAMOS:

Si tiene una disputa concerniente a su prima o a un reclamo, debe comunicarse con el Sun Life primero. Si no se resuelve la disputa, puede entonces comunicarse con el departmento (TDI).

UNA ESTE AVISO A SU POLIZA:

Este aviso es solo para proposito de informacion y no se convierte en parte o condicion del documento adjunto.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Benefit Highlights	Ü
Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance	6
Dependent Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance	
Eligibility and Effective Dates	
Employee	9
Dependent	
Termination of Insurance	
Employee	13
Dependent	
Employee and Dependent Accidental Death	
and Dismemberment Insurance	16
Claim Provisions	
Notice of Claim.	26
Proof of Claim	
Payment of Claims	
Change in Beneficiary	
General Provisions	
Definitions	

BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS

EMPLOYEE ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

ELIGIBLE CLASSES

All United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week.

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE

You may elect an amount of insurance in increments of \$25,000. The minimum amount that you may elect is \$25,000 and the maximum amount that you may elect is \$350,000.

Your amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance reduces to 65% when you reach age 65, to 40% when you reach age 70, to 30% when you reach age 75, to 20% when you reach age 80, to 15% when you reach age 85, to 10% when you reach age 90, and to 5% when you reach age 95. Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance cancels at your retirement.

BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS

DEPENDENT ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

ELIGIBLE CLASSES

All United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to work at least 20 hours per week.

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE

Spouse Only 60% of your amount of Accidental Death and

Dismemberment Insurance in force.

Child Only* 20% of your amount of Accidental Death and

Dismemberment Insurance in force.

Family Coverage

Spouse 50% of your amount of Accidental Death and

Dismemberment Insurance in force.

Child* 15% of your amount of Accidental Death and

Dismemberment Insurance in force.

Your Dependent Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance cancels at your retirement.

^{*} unmarried child under age 19 or age 23 if a full-time student.

BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS

WAITING PERIOD

(The period of time you must be employed in an Eligible Class before you can apply for benefits)

Until the first of the month following your date of employment

CONTRIBUTIONS

The cost of your Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment and Dependent Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance is paid for by you. This is your contributory insurance.

The following Questions and Answers will help you to better understand your benefits.

Please read them carefully and refer any questions to your Employer or call the Sun Life Group Customer Service Center toll free at 1-800-247-6875.

ELIGIBILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

When am I eligible for insurance?

If you are in an Eligible Class shown in the Benefit Highlights, you are eligible on the later of:

- September 1, 2007; or
- the first day of the month following your date of employment.

When does my insurance start?

Your insurance starts on the later of:

- the date you apply; or
- the date you are eligible;

if you are Actively at Work on that date.

What if I am not Actively at Work on that date?

If you are not Actively at Work on the date your insurance would normally start, your insurance will not start until you are Actively at Work

What happens if I do not want my insurance?

You need to sign a form refusing your insurance. This form is available from your Employer. However, you will not be allowed to re-enroll for at least 6 months.

ELIGIBILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

When do changes in my amount of insurance occur?

If your amount of insurance increases due to a change in your incremental schedule election, your increase will take effect immediately upon the date of change, as long as you are Actively at Work on that date.

If your amount of insurance decreases due to a change in your incremental schedule election or age, the decrease will take effect immediately upon the date of change.

If you are not Actively at Work on the date an increase in your insurance would normally start, the increase in your insurance will not start until you are Actively at Work.

ELIGIBILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF DEPENDENT INSURANCE

When am I eligible for Dependent insurance?

If you are in an Eligible Class shown in the Benefit Highlights and you have a Dependent, you are eligible for Dependent insurance as long as you are insured for Employee insurance.

When does the insurance for my Dependent start?

If your Dependent is not hospital confined, the insurance for your Dependent starts on the later of:

- the date you apply for Dependent insurance; or
- the date you are eligible for Dependent insurance.

What if my Dependent is hospital confined?

If your Dependent is hospital confined on the date your Dependent's insurance would normally start, your Dependent's insurance will not start until the Dependent is no longer hospital confined.

Do I need to enroll each Dependent?

If you have already applied for Dependent insurance, each subsequent Dependent is automatically enrolled, as long as the Dependent is not hospital confined on the date of becoming a Dependent.

What happens if I do not want Dependent insurance?

You need to sign a form refusing your Dependent's insurance. This form is available from your Employer. However, you will not be allowed to re-enroll the Dependent for at least 6 months.

ELIGIBILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE OF DEPENDENT INSURANCE

When do changes in my Dependent's amount of insurance occur?

If your Dependent's amount of insurance increases, your Dependent's increase will take effect immediately, as long as, your Dependent is not hospital confined.

If your Dependent's amount of insurance decreases, the decrease will take effect immediately.

If your Dependent is hospital confined on the date an increase in your Dependent's insurance would normally start, the increase in your Dependent's insurance will not start until the Dependent is no longer hospital confined.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

When does my insurance cease?

Your insurance ceases on the earliest of:

- the date the Group Policy terminates.
- the date you are no longer in an Eligible Class.
- the date your class is no longer included for insurance.
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid for your insurance
- the date you retire.
- the date you request in writing to terminate your insurance.
- the date you enter active duty in any armed service during a time of war (declared or undeclared).
- the date your employment terminates.
- the date you cease to be Actively at Work.

Are there any conditions under which my insurance can continue?

Yes.

If you are on temporary layoff, leave of absence or vacation, your Employer may continue your insurance by paying the required premium for the length of time specified below.

Layoff - for up to 1 month Leave of Absence - for up to 1 month Vacation - for up to 3 months

If you are absent from work due to an injury or sickness, your Employer may continue your insurance, by paying the required premium, for up to 12 months.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE INSURANCE

You may be eligible to continue your insurance pursuant to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended or continue coverage pursuant to a state required continuation period (if any). You should contact your Employer for more details.

You may be eligible to continue your insurance coverage pursuant to the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA). You should contact your Employer for more details.

TERMINATION OF DEPENDENT INSURANCE

When does my Dependent's insurance cease?

Your Dependent's insurance ceases on the earliest of:

- the date the Group Policy terminates.
- the date you cease to be insured.
- the date you are no longer in an Eligible Class for Dependent Insurance.
- the date the Dependent does not qualify as a Dependent.
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid for your Dependent's insurance.
- the date you request in writing to terminate your Dependent's insurance
- the date your Dependent enters active duty in any armed service during a time of war (declared or undeclared).
- the date you retire.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit?

If Sun Life receives written Notice and Proof of Claim that an Insured Person

- died from an accidental drowning while insured; or
- sustained an Accidental Bodily Injury while insured, which results in loss of life, sight or limb within 365 days of the date of that Accidental Bodily Injury; or
- sustained a loss of life, sight or limb within 365 days due to an accidental exposure to the elements while insured;

an Accidental Death and Dismemberment benefit may be payable to you or to your Beneficiary.

The benefit is a percentage of the amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance in force for your class shown in the Benefit Highlights on the date of the Accidental Bodily Injury. The following is a list of percentages payable for the applicable loss.

Life	100%
Sight of one eye	50%
Sight of both eyes	100%
One limb.	50%
Speech and hearing	100%
Speech or hearing	50%
Thumb and index finger of the same hand	25%
Quadriplegia	100%

98C-ADD-BEN

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

Paraplegia	75%
Hemiplegia	50%

The maximum amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit payable for losses resulting from any one accident is 100%.

Loss of limb means severance of the hand or foot at or above the wrist or ankle joint. Loss of sight, speech or hearing must be total and irrecoverable. Loss of thumb and index finger means severance through or above the metacarpophalangeal joints.

Quadriplegia means the total and permanent paralysis of both upper and lower limbs. Paraplegia means the total and permanent paralysis of both lower limbs. Hemiplegia means the total and permanent paralysis of upper and lower limbs on one side of the body.

What is the Seat Belt Benefit?

If an Insured Person's loss of life occurs as a result of an automobile accident and the Insured Person was wearing a seat belt at the time of the accident, an additional Seat Belt Benefit is payable. This Seat Belt Benefit is 25% of the amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable or \$25,000, whichever is less.

Sun Life must receive satisfactory written proof that the Insured Person's death resulted from an automobile accident and that the Insured Person was wearing a seat belt at the time of the accident. A copy of the police report is required.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the Air Bag Benefit?

If an Insured Person's loss of life occurs as a result of an automobile accident, the Insured Person was wearing a seat belt and was positioned in a seat protected by a Supplemental Restraint System which inflated on impact, an additional Air Bag Benefit is payable. This Air Bag Benefit is 10% of the amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable or \$5,000, whichever is less

Sun Life must receive satisfactory written proof that the Insured Person's death resulted from an automobile accident and that the Supplemental Restraint System properly inflated. A copy of the police report is required.

Seat Belt means a properly installed seat belt, lap and shoulder restraint, or other restraint approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

Supplemental Restraint System means a factory installed air bag which inflates for added protection to the head and chest areas.

Automobile means a motor vehicle licensed for use on public highways.

What happens if I or my Dependent Disappears?

Sun Life will presume, subject to no objective evidence to the contrary, that the Insured Person is dead and that death is a result of an Accidental Bodily Injury if:

- the Insured Person disappears as a result of an accidental wrecking, sinking or disappearance of a conveyance in which the Insured Person was known to be a passenger; and
- the Insured Person's body is not found within 365 days after the date of the conveyance's disappearance.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the Common Accident Benefit?

If you and your Dependent Spouse both die as a result of a common accident within 365 days of the date of that accident, a Common Accident Benefit is payable.

The Common Accident Benefit will increase your Dependent Spouse's death benefit to equal your amount_of Accidental Death Benefit payable or \$250,000, whichever is less.

Common Accident means the same accident or separate accidents occurring within a 24 hour period.

If an Accidental Death Benefit is not payable for both you and your Dependent Spouse, no Common Accident Benefit is payable. If you do not have a Dependent Child, no Common Accident Benefit is payable.

What is the Surgical Reattachment Benefit?

If an Insured Person has a limb severed and an Accidental Dismemberment Benefit would normally have been payable under the Group Policy, but the Insured Person has the limb surgically reattached, a Surgical Reattachment Benefit will be payable. The Surgical Reattachment Benefit is 25% of the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit shown in the Benefit Highlights, or \$5,000, whichever is less.

What happens if the Surgical Reattachment fails?

If the surgical reattachment fails, or the Insured Person has complete loss of use of the limb within 365 days of the reattachment, you will receive the balance of any Accidental Dismemberment Benefit payable for that limb if Proof of the reattachment failure or loss of use is received by Sun Life.

98C-ADD-BEN Page No. 19 Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit Provision September 1, 2007

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the Repatriation Benefit?

If an Insured Person's accidental death occurs at least 100 miles from the Insured Person's permanent place of residence, a Repatriation Benefit will be payable if an Accidental Death Benefit is payable. The Repatriation Benefit will reimburse the Executor or Administrator of the Insured Person's estate for the reasonable and customary expenses incurred for the preparation of the body and its transportation to the place of burial or cremation up to a maximum benefit of \$2,000. Written Proof of the expenses incurred must be submitted to Sun Life prior to payment.

What is the Rehabilitative Training Benefit?

If you receive an Accidental Dismemberment Benefit under the Group Policy, you are eligible to receive a Rehabilitative Training Benefit.

Rehabilitative Training means any occupational training which is required due to your Accidental Bodily Injury payable under the Group Policy.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the amount payable for the Rehabilitative Training?

The Rehabilitative Training Benefit is the lesser of:

- \$5,000; or
- 25% of the amount of Accidental Dismemberment Benefit payable;
 or
- your actual Expense Incurred for Rehabilitative Training reduced by any amount you receive from other sources.

Expense Incurred means your actual out-of-pocket cost for:

- the Rehabilitative Training; and
- the materials necessary for the Rehabilitative Training.

The Rehabilitative Training expenses must be incurred within 2 years following the date of the accident which caused your Accidental Bodily Injury. Sun Life must receive written proof of Expenses Incurred prior to payment of the Rehabilitative Training Benefit.

What is the Dependent Education Benefit?

If you die and an Accidental Death Benefit is payable under the Group Policy, your Dependent may be eligible for a Dependent Education Benefit.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the Education Benefit for my Dependent Child?

A Dependent Child is eligible for an Education Benefit if the Dependent Child enrolls as a full-time student at a post-secondary school before reaching age 23 and within 1 year after your date of death.

The annual Dependent Child's Education Benefit is equal to the lesser of:

- 5% of your Accidental Death Benefit payable; or
- Incurred Expenses; or
- \$2,500.

The Dependent Child Education Benefit is payable at the end of each semester per dependent child, for a maximum of four consecutive years per child. Proof of the child's enrollment and Incurred Expenses are required each semester prior to payment of the benefit.

Incurred Expenses include tuition, fees, cost of books, room and board, transportation and any other costs paid directly to the school.

What is the Education Benefit for my Dependent Spouse?

A Dependent Spouse is eligible for an Education Benefit if the Dependent Spouse enrolls in any school for the purpose of retraining or developing skills needed for employment within 1 year after your date of death.

The Dependent Spouse's Education Benefit is equal to the expenses paid directly to such school or \$6,000, whichever is less. Proof of enrollment and expenses are required prior to payment of the benefit.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What is the Child Care Benefit?

If you die or your Dependent Spouse dies and an Accidental Death Benefit is payable under the Group Policy, a Child Care Benefit is payable if:

- your Dependent Child is enrolled in a legally licensed Child Care Center on the date of the accident; or
- your Dependent Child enrolls in a legally licensed Child Care Center within 365 days after the date of your or your Dependent Spouse's death; and
- your Dependent Child is under age 13.

What is the amount of the Child Care Benefit?

The Child Care Benefit is the lesser of:

- the actual cost charged by the Child Care Center per year; or
- 5% of your or your Dependent Spouse's Accidental Death Benefit payable; or
- \$5,000.

The Child Care Benefit is payable each year for a maximum of 4 years per Dependent Child or until the child attains age 13, whichever is less. The Child Care Benefit is payable upon receipt of satisfactory proof of paid expenses and that your Dependent child is enrolled in a legally licensed Child Care Center.

Child care expenses do not include:

- expenses incurred prior to your or your Dependent Spouse's death; or
- charges for room and board; or
- charges for ordinary living, traveling or clothing expenses.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

Child Care Center means a provider which is duly licensed, certified or accredited by the jurisdiction in which it is located, is run according to the laws and regulations applicable to child care facilities and which provides child care and supervision for children in a group setting on a regular basis. Child Care Center does not include a hospital, the child's home or care provided during the child's normal school hours.

What are the Exclusions?

No AD&D benefit will be payable for an Insured Person's loss that is due to or results from:

- suicide while sane or insane, or intentionally self-inflicted injuries.
- bodily or mental infirmity or disease of any kind, or an infection unless due to an accidental cut or wound.
- an Insured Person committing or attempting to commit an assault, felony or other criminal act.
- an Insured Person's active participation in a war (declared or undeclared) or an Insured Person's active duty in any armed service during a time of war.
- an Insured Person's active participation in a riot, rebellion, or insurrection.
- injury sustained from any aviation activities, other than an Insured Person riding as a fare-paying passenger.
- an Insured Person's voluntary use of any controlled substance as defined in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as now or hereafter amended, unless administered on the advice of a Physician.
- an Insured Person's operation of any motorized vehicle while intoxicated. Intoxicated means the minimum blood alcohol level required to be considered operating an automobile under the influence of alcohol in the jurisdiction where the accident occurred. For the purposes of this Exclusion, "Motorized Vehicle" includes, but is not limited to, automobiles, motorcycles, boats and snowmobiles.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

What happens when my Employer transfers Insurance Carriers to Sun Life?

In order to prevent losing your insurance, Sun Life will provide the following coverage.

If you are not Actively at Work on September 1, 2007 you will be insured if:

- 1. you were insured under the prior insurer's group AD&D policy at the time of transfer; and
- 2. you are a member of an Eligible Class; and
- 3. premiums for you are paid up to date; and
- 4. you are not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group AD&D policy.

Any AD&D benefit payable will be the lesser of:

- the AD&D benefit payable under the Group Policy; or
- the AD&D benefit payable under the prior insurer's group AD&D policy had it remained in force.

All other provisions of Sun Life's Group Policy will apply.

How is a claim submitted?

To submit a claim, you or someone on your behalf must send Sun Life written Notice and Proof of Claim within the time limits specified. Your Employer has the Sun Life Notice and Proof of Claim forms.

When does written Notice of Claim have to be submitted?

for Accidental Death - written notice of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 30 days after the date of death.

for Accidental Dismemberment - written notice of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 12 months after the date of loss.

for all other claims - written notice of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 12 months after the Insured Person's date of loss or within 12 months after the date the expense is incurred.

If notice cannot be given within the applicable time period, Sun Life must be notified as soon as it is reasonably possible.

When Sun Life has received written notice of claim, Sun Life will send the forms for proof of claim. If the forms are not received within 15 days after written notice of claim is sent, proof of claim may be sent to Sun Life without waiting to receive the proof of claim forms.

When does written Proof of Claim have to be submitted?

for Accidental Death - proof of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 90 days after the date of death.

for Accidental Dismemberment - proof of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 15 months after the date of loss.

for all other claims - written proof of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 15 months after the Insured Person's date of loss or within 15 months after the date the expense is incurred.

If proof cannot be given within these time limits, proof must be given as soon as reasonably possible. Proof of claim may not be given later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required unless the individual is legally incompetent.

What is considered Proof of Claim?

Proof of Claim must consist of at least the following information:

- a description of the loss or expense;
- the date the loss or expense occurred; and
- the cause of the loss or expense.

(For example: a Death Claim would include at least the Death Certificate for Proof of Claim)

Proof of Claim may include, but is not limited to, police accident reports, autopsy reports, laboratory results, toxicology results, hospital records, receipted bills, proof of payment (if applicable), Physician records, psychiatric records, x-rays, narrative reports, or other diagnostic testing materials as required.

Sun Life may require as part of the Proof, authorizations to obtain medical and non-medical information.

Proof must be satisfactory to Sun Life.

When are benefits payable?

When Sun Life receives satisfactory Proof of Claim, benefits payable under the Group Policy will be paid for any period for which Sun Life is liable. Payment of benefits will be made not later than 60 days_after receipt of proof of Claim.

When will a decision on my claim be made?

Sun Life will send you a written notice of decision on your claim within a reasonable time after Sun Life receives the claim but not later than 45 days after receipt of the claim. If Sun Life cannot make a decision within 45 days after receiving your claim, Sun Life will request a 30 day extension as permitted by U.S. Department of Labor regulations. If Sun Life cannot render a decision within the extension period, Sun Life will request an additional 30 day extension. Any request for extension will specifically explain:

- 1. the standards on which entitlement to benefits is based;
- 2. the unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim; and
- 3. the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If a period of time is extended because you failed to provide necessary information, the period for making the benefit determination is tolled from the date Sun Life sends notice of the extension to you until the date on which you respond to the request for additional information. You will have at least 45 days to provide the specified information.

What if my claim is denied?

If Sun Life denies all or any part of your claim, you will receive a written notice of denial setting forth:

- 1. the specific reason or reasons for the denial;
- 2. the specific Group Policy provisions on which the denial is based;
- 3. your right to receive, upon request and free of charge, copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits;
- 4. a description of any additional material or information needed to prove entitlement to benefits and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- 5. a description of the appeal procedures and time limits;
- 6. your right to bring a civil action under ERISA, §502(a) following an adverse determination on review;
- 7. the identity of an internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion, if any, that was relied upon to deny the claim and a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol or criterion or a statement that a copy is available free of charge upon request; and
- 8. the identity of any medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with the claim, regardless of whether the advice was relied upon to deny the claim.

Can I request a review of a claim denial?

If all or part of your claim is denied, you may request in writing a review of the denial within 180 days after receiving notice of denial.

You may submit written comments, documents, records or other information relating to your claim for benefits, and may request free of charge copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits.

Sun Life will review the claim on receipt of the written request for review, and will notify you of Sun Life's decision within a reasonable time but not later than 45 days after the request has been received. If an extension of time is required to process the claim, Sun Life will notify you in writing of the special circumstances requiring the extension and the date by which Sun Life expects to make a determination on review. The extension cannot exceed a period of 45 days from the end of the initial review period.

If a period of time is extended because you failed to provide information necessary to decide your claim, the period for making the decision on review is tolled from the date Sun Life sends notice of the extension to you until the date on which you respond to the request for additional information. You will have at least 45 days to provide the specified information.

What if my claim is denied on review?

If Sun Life denies all or any part of your claim on review, you will receive a written notice of denial setting forth:

- 1. the specific reason or reasons for the denial;
- 2. the specific Group Policy provisions on which the denial is based;
- 3. your right to receive, upon request and free of charge, copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits;
- 4. your right to bring a civil action under ERISA, §502(a);
- 5. the identity of an internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion, if any, that was relied upon to deny the claim and a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol or criterion or a statement that a copy is available free of charge upon request;

- 6. the following statement: "You and your plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State Insurance regulatory agency."; and
- 7. the identity of any medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with the appeal, regardless of whether the advice was relied upon to deny the appeal.

Who are benefits payable to?

Benefits payable upon your death are payable to your Beneficiary living at the time (other than your Employer). Unless you otherwise specify, if more than one Beneficiary survives you, all surviving Beneficiaries will share equally. If no Beneficiary is alive on the date of your death or you have not designated a Beneficiary, payment will be made to your estate.

All benefits payable during your lifetime are payable to you.

All other benefits are payable as specified in the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit Section.

If a benefit is payable to your estate, if you are a minor, or you are not competent, Sun Life has the right to pay an amount of the benefit up to \$5,000 to any of your relatives that Sun Life considers entitled. If Sun Life pays benefits in good faith to a relative, Sun Life will not have to pay those benefits again.

If your Beneficiary is a minor or is not competent, Sun Life has the right to pay up to \$1,000 to the person or institution that appears to have assumed custody and main support for the minor, until the appointed legal representative makes a formal claim. If Sun Life pays benefits in good faith to a person or institution, Sun Life will not have to pay those benefits again.

Can I change my Beneficiary?

You can change your Beneficiary at any time, unless you have stated your choice of Beneficiary is irrevocable or you have assigned your interest to another person. Any request for change of Beneficiary must be in a written form and will take effect on the date you sign and file the change with your Employer. If Sun Life has taken any action or made payment before receiving notice of that change, your change of Beneficiary will not affect any action or payment made by Sun Life. The consent of your Beneficiary is not required to change any Beneficiary.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

How can statements made in any application for insurance be used?

All statements made in any application are considered representations and not warranties. No representation by you in applying for insurance under the Group Policy will be used to reduce or deny a claim unless a copy of your written application for insurance is or has been given to you or to your Beneficiary, if any.

What happens if facts are misstated?

If relevant facts about you or any one of your Dependents are not accurate:

- an equitable adjustment of premium will be made; and
- the true facts will be used to determine if and in what amount insurance is valid under the Group Policy.

If the amount of benefit depends on age, the benefit will be the amount you or your Dependent would have been entitled to if the correct age were known.

What are Sun Life's examination and autopsy rights?

Sun Life's, at its own expense, has the right to have any person, whose Accidental Bodily Injury is the basis of a claim:

- examined by a Physician, other health professional or vocational expert of its choice; and/or
- interviewed by an authorized Sun Life's representative.

This right may be used as often as reasonably required.

Sun Life has the right, in the case of death, to request an autopsy.

What are the time limits for legal proceedings?

No legal action may start:

- until 60 days after Proof of Claim has been given; nor
- more than 3 years after the time Proof of Claim is required.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Do these group benefits affect Workers' Compensation?

The Group Policy is not in lieu of, and does not affect, any requirement for coverage by Workers' Compensation Insurance.

Can the Policyholder act as a Sun Life agent?

For all purposes of the Group Policy, the Policyholder acts on its own behalf or as your agent. Under no circumstances will the Policyholder be deemed a Sun Life agent.

DEFINITIONS

These are some of the general terms you need to know.

Accidental Bodily Injury means bodily harm caused solely by external, violent and accidental means which is sustained directly and independently of all other causes.

Actively at Work means that you perform all the regular duties of your job for a full work day scheduled by your Employer at your Employer's normal place of business or a site where your Employer's business requires you to travel.

You are considered Actively at Work on any day that is not your regular scheduled work day (i.e., you are on vacation or holiday) as long as you were Actively at Work on your immediately preceding scheduled work day, and you:

- are not hospital confined; or
- are not disabled due to an injury or sickness.

You are considered Actively at Work if you usually perform the regular duties of your job at your home as long as you can perform all the regular duties of your job for a full work day and could do so at your Employer's normal place of business, if required, and you:

- are not hospital confined; or
- are not disabled due to an injury or sickness.

DEFINITIONS

Dependent means your:

- spouse;
- unmarried child under age 19;
- unmarried child under age 23 who is an enrolled full-time student.

Your unmarried step-child, foster child, or adopted child is included as a Dependent if the child depends on you for 50% or more of the child's support and is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship. A child is considered adopted if in your legal custody under an interim court order of adoption, whether or not a final adoption order is ever issued.

Dependent does not include:

- any person who is insured as an Employee; or
- any person residing outside the United States, Canada or Mexico.

that child will continue to be a Dependent under this Policy for as long as these two conditions exist.

If an unmarried child is:

- 1. incapable of self-sustaining employment because of mental retardation, developmental disability or physical handicap; and
- 2. dependent on you for 50% or more of the child's support; and

you give Sun Life proof of your child's incapacity and dependency within 31 days from the date your child reaches the age limit, that child will continue to be a Dependent for as long as these two conditions exist. Sun Life can ask for periodic proof of your child's incapacity and dependency, but after two years Sun Life will not ask for proof more than once a year.

No person may be considered to be a Dependent of more than one Employee.

DEFINITIONS

Eligibility Date means the date or dates you become eligible for insurance under the Group Policy. Classes eligible for insurance are shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Employee (You) means a person who is employed by the Employer within the United States, scheduled to work at least the number of hours shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits, and paid regular earnings. If you are working on a temporary assignment outside of the United States for a period of 12 months or less, you will be deemed to be working within the United States. If you are working outside of the United States for more than 12 months or other than on a temporary assignment, you will not be considered an Employee under this Policy unless Sun Life approves you in writing

Employer means Region 4 Education Service Center and includes any Subsidiary or Affiliated company insured under the Group Policy.

Insured Person means you, your Dependent Spouse or any of your Dependent Children.

Physician means an individual who is operating within the scope of his license and is either:

- licensed to practice medicine and prescribe and administer drugs or to perform surgery; or
- legally qualified as a medical practitioner and required to be recognized, under the Group Policy for insurance purposes, according to the insurance regulations of the governing jurisdiction.

The Physician cannot be you, your spouse or the parents, brothers, sisters or children of you or your spouse.

Waiting Period means the length of time immediately before your Eligibility Date during which you must be employed in an Eligible Class. Any period of time before the Group Policy Effective Date that you were Actively at Work for your Employer as a full-time Employee will count towards completion of your Waiting Period. The Waiting Period is shown in the Benefit Highlights.

Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada

PORTABILITY RIDER

Effective September 1, 2007, the following provision is added to Group Policy Number 12175 - 002

What is the Portability Privilege

If, prior to age 65, your Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance ceases because you terminate your employment, you may apply for portable coverage, during the 31 day period following termination of your employment.

What amounts of insurance are portable?

You may apply for portable coverage up to the amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage that ceased, to a maximum of \$500,000.

When does my portable coverage start?

If your application is received and the first premium is paid when due, your coverage will start on the day after your employment ceased.

When does my portable coverage end?

Portable coverage will terminate on occurrence of the earliest of the following:

- the date for which the last premium has been paid; or
- 10 years following the date your portable coverage commences, or
- the date you attain age 65, or
- the date the portable group insurance policy terminates.

How do I apply for portable coverage?

You must complete an application for portable coverage and send it, with payment of the first premium, to Sun Life within 31 days of the date your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance terminates.

The application contains a table to calculate the applicable premium, based on the amount of coverage elected.

The application is available from your Employer.



Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada is a member of the Sun Life Financial group of companies

www.sunlife-usa.com