

Application to Convert Group Life Insurance Mail to Dearborn Life Insurance Company at:

Attn: Department 6006 1020 31st Street Downers Grove, IL 60515

Phone Number: (877) 442-4207

Instructions for Use

The application to convert group life insurance is to be utilized when you become ineligible for group insurance. An example of this would be termination of employment. The application is used to convert your Group Life Insurance coverage to an Individual Whole Life Insurance policy. This can be done regardless of your current health. For information about the amount you may convert or how long you have to convert, see either your certificate or group policy. The application must be filled out by both your employer and yourself.

Part 1 - To be filled out by the Employer

- Ensure the Amount of insurance is filled out for each applicable product (Basic Life, Supplemental Life, Voluntary Life, etc.) eligible for conversion.
- Specify clearly the reason for termination.
- If an error is made, you may strike the error, but you must initial the change.

Part 2 - To be filled out by the Insured/Applicant

- If electing Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) please ensure that you sign the authorization on the second page of the application and attach a voided check.
- Specify clearly the reason for termination.
- If an error is made, you may strike the error, but you must initial the change.
- If applicant is under the age of 20, please contact customer service for applicable rate.

Dearborn Life Insurance Company

Application to Convert Group Life Insurance
Mail to Dearborn Life Insurance Company at:

Attn: Department 6006 1020 31st Street Downers Grove, IL 60515

Phone Number: (877) 442-4207 Downers Grove, IL 60515

Upon becoming ineligible for group insurance, e.g., leaving employment, you may convert your Group Life Insurance coverage to an Individual Whole Life Insurance policy. This can be done regardless of your current health. For information about the amount you may convert or how long you have to convert, see either your certificate or group policy.

To apply:

1. Complete Part 2 of this conversion application. Be sure your Employer has completed Part 1. Premium rates and instructions are shown on the reverse side.

2. Mail the completed a	pplication with your ch	neck or money order for	the first modal premium to t	the above address.			
Part 1: TO BE COM	MPLETED BY EM	PLOYER	Group Number	Reason for Termination			
				Termination of employment or membership in eligible class			
Date Employment Term'd	Date Coverage Terminate	Last Actual Day of Work	Amount of Group Insurance	Termination of Group Policy and Date Term'd			
Name of Employer Providing	g Group Policy	Annual Salary	Insurance Class	Disability			
				Other (Specify)			
Signature of Policyholder's F	Representative/Title	Telephone Number	Date Signed				
D- 10 TO DE 001	ADI ETED DV INO	UDED Diseased					
Part 2: TO BE COM		7 .	oe or print with ball p				
	nvert my lite insur		following statements of				
NAME IN FULL		SOCIAL SECUR	ITY NUMBER TELEPHONE	NUMBER GROUP POLICY NO.			
RESIDENT ADDRESS							
		0.774	07.77				
STREET		CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE			
SEX DATE OF BIRTH	AGE LAST BIRTH	DAY STATE OF BIRTH	LAST DATE OF ACTIVE WOF	RK PRESENT OCCUPATION			
AMOUNT OF INSURANCE TO BE CONVERTED	PREMIUM MODE	with ann	l modal premium must be subm Dication	Provision Desired?			
TO BE CONVENTED	Annual Semi-Annual	Quarterly	m Enclosed \$	──│ Yes □ No			
_		Li i Montiny i Terman	TI ENGIOSCO V				
BENEFICIARY DE	SIGNATION	T					
FIRST NAME	LAST NAME	ADDRESS	SOCIAL SECURITY NO	DATE OF BIRTH RELATIONSHIP			
Primary							
FIRST NAMI	E LAST NAME	ADDRESS	SOCIAL SECURITY NO	D DATE OF BIRTH RELATIONSHIP			
Secondary							
-		-	attachment MUST be signed	d and dated by Policy Owner.			
Is the owner to be other than	the insured? Yes	No					
FIRST NAME	I	NITIAL LAST NAME	RELA	TIONSHIP			
Address of Owner, if other that	an Insured:						
No. & Street		City	State	Zip Code			
-				named, the Insured shall be the Owner.			
	nitted with this applicatio	n prior to approval of this a		ef. I agree that the Company may convert my Group Insurance, the			
Signed At City		tate on Mo D	ay Year Signature of Applica	 t			
) Oity		INIO D	a, .cai oignature of Applica				
*EFT (Electronic Funds	Transfer - Sign on ba	ck and attach voided ch	eck) Signature of Owner	(Other than Insured)			

Premium Calculation Worksheet

For Conversion from Group Life to Individual Whole Life Policy

Premiums are payable to age 98 or death, whichever occurs first. For information about the amount you are eligible to convert, please refer to the Conversion of Life Insurance provision of your group life insurance certificate or the group policy. Our minimum issue amount is \$2,000.

To calculate your premium, find your present age and the corresponding **table rate per \$1,000** from the columns below. Multiply this premium by the number of thousands of dollars of insurance you plan to convert. Then multiply by the premium factor and add the modal policy fee to find your premium payment.

Last	Table	Rate	Last	Table Rate	(√) Mode Desir	ed	Premium F	actor Modal	Policy Fee
Birthday				Per Thousand	•	, mode Boon	ou	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	dotor modar	1 only 1 oo
•	6.5		•	47.79		Annual		1 000	\$	17 00
21	6.8	6	61	50.70	_	_			·	
	7.0			53.72		_			\$	
	7.4			56.86] Quarterly		265	\$	5.00
	7.7			60.23		EFT Monthly	<i>.</i>		\$	0.00
	8.1			63.84 67.67						
	8.9			71.74		(Sign be	elow &	& attach voide	а спеск)	
	9.2			76.05						
	9.6			80.47			_	odal Premiu		
	10.1			85.24	with your application.					
31	10.5	В	71	90.70		For	clari	fication, con	tact	
32	11.0	3	72	96.55				•		,
	11.5			102.77	DEARBORN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Attn: Department 6006					
	12.1			109.38				31st Street		
	12.7	-		116.41				Grove, IL 60		
	13.2			123.90		DOW		7-442-4207	0010	
	13.9			131.94 140.61			1-0/	7-442-4207		
	14.5			140.61		EFT A	uthor	ization: Che	ck one:	
	15.8	-		160.20			hackii	ng Saving	ne	
	16.7			171.21			IICCKII	ing Saving	ys 	_
	17.7			183.01		Account #				
43	18.7	3	83	195.57	l here	by authorize and re	פטווספ	st Dearhorn I	ife Insurance	_ Company
	19.7			208.90		ndraw funds from m				•
	20.7		85	223.10		ent for my monthly	•			
	21.9			282.86		•	•			
	23.1			342.62		ssary, for any credit				
	24.5					emain in full force u				
	25.9			462.15 521.91	-	any in writing of an	-	-	-	-
	28.9	-		521.91		stand that to chang		•		
	30.5			644.42		must be received	not le	ess than ten	business day	s prior to
	32.2			701.19	the tra	ansaction date.				
	34.1			760.95						
	36.1			820.72						
56	38.1	0	96	880.48		0:	- 4	- 	- 1-1	
	40.3		97	940.24		_		of Account H		
58	42.6	8	98	1,000.00		(Pieas	se att	ach voided c	:песк)	
	45.1									
Exan	nple: Co	onversio	on of \$10,0	000 Group Life f		5-year old to \$10,00 ample:	00 W	hole Life Pla	an payable qu	arterly:
Table Rat	e X	# of Th	nousands T	To Be Converte		Premium Factor	+	Modal Police	y Fee = Mod a	l Premium
20.79	X	# OI II	10.00		X	0.265			5.00 =	60.10
20.13	^		10.00				•		J.00 –	50.10
Table Rat	e X	# of Th	nousands 7			alculations: Premium Factor	+	Modal Police	y Fee = Mod a	al Premium
	/\	0. 11			- /\					
									_ \$ _	

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The laws of some states require us to furnish you with the following notice:

FOR APPLICATIONS AND CLAIMS:

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading material facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading material facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

<u>Hawaii</u>: For your protection, Hawaii law requires you be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

<u>Maine & Washington</u>: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

<u>Maryland</u>: Any person who knowingly or willingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

<u>Ohio</u>: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

<u>Oklahoma</u>: Any person who knowingly, with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes a claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico: Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation with the penalty of a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Tennessee: It is a crime to knowingly provide false incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

<u>Virginia</u>: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may have violated the state law.

The laws of some states require us to furnish you with the following notice:

FOR CLAIMS ONLY:

Alaska: A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona: For your protection, Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Arkansas: Any person who knowingly presents_a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

<u>California</u>: For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

<u>Delaware</u>: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Idaho: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement or claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

<u>Indiana</u>: A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

<u>Minnesota</u>: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

<u>Texas</u>: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

FOR APPLICATIONS ONLY:

Massachusetts: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Jersey: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.